BUENA VISTA TRAIL WILDFLOWER WALK mid March to early April

Description: Counter-clockwise on Buena Vista Trail from West Climb Trail in Hillside to Hollow Reserve (Ussery or Hillside trailheads). Full loop requires trail-only access through private land. <u>Difficulty</u>: 2-3 miles roundtrip, 130 feet elevation gain. **Avoid when muddy**!

Plants listed in approximate order of encounter within category. * indicates native species

TREES AND SHRUBS (not in bloom)

Black locust (Robinia pseudoacacia) – non-native tree

- *Big sagebrush (Artemisia tridentata subsp. tridentata)
- *Rubber rabbitbrush (*Ericameria* [formerly *Chrysothamnus*] *nauseosa*) -- var. *hololeuca* is the more common larger variety; the smaller, more spindly var. *oreophila* is mostly on plateaus

SIGNIFICANT NOXIOUS WEEDS (not in bloom, but evident)

Feral or Cereal Rye (Secale cereale)

Rush skeletonweed (Chondrilla juncea)

Medusahead grass (Taeniatherum/Elymus caput-medusae)

Cheatgrass (Bromus tectorum) -- other annual Bromus also present

St. Johnswort, Klamathweed (Hypericum perforatum)

PRIMARY BUNCHGRASSES (mostly not in bloom, but evident)

- *Threeawn grass (Aristida purpurea var. longiseta)
- *Squirreltail grass (Elymus elymoides, formerly Sitanion hystrix)
- *Bluebunch wheatgrass (Pseudoroegneria spicata, alternatively in Agropyron or Elymus)

Bulbous bluegrass (Poa bulbosa) – weedy non-native

WILDFLOWERS POTENTIALLY IN BLOOM

*Woolly-pod milkvetch (Astragalus purshii var. glareosus)

Spring whitlow-grass (Draba verna) – tiny white flowers with notched petals, non-native

Jagged chickweed (Holosteum umbellata) – inconspicuous non-native

Stork- or cranesbill, filaree (*Erodium cicutarium*) – non-native

Desert alyssum (Alyssum desertorum) – widespread non-native

Clasping pepperweed (Lepidium perfoliatum) – non-native

- *Bulbous or pink woodlandstar/prairiestar (Lithophragma glabrum, previously L. bulbiferum)
- *Narrowleaf or Great Basin biscuitroot (Lomatium simplex, previously included in L. triternatum, nine-leaf biscuitroot)
- *Prickly-leaf phlox (Phlox aculeata)
- *Arrowleaf balsamroot (Balsamorhiza sagittata)
- *Aase's onion (Allium aaseae) rare regional endemic, locally abundant on this trail
- *Dwarf or low pussytoes (Antennaria dimorpha)
- *Sagebrush buttercup (Ranunculus glaberrimus) can begin blooming in February
- *Foothill or peak saxifrage (Micranthes/Saxifraga nidifica)
- *Cusick's or Wilcox's primrose (Primula cusickiana var. cusickiana) localized and rare
- *Tansymustard (Descurainia sp.) native species difficult to distinguish, taxonomy in flux

^{*}Sandberg bluegrass (Poa secunda)